Stephanie Kwolek

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Aim

- To describe Stephanie Kwolek and her work with materials.
- To choose materials for jobs based on their properties.

Success Criteria

- I can order facts about Stephanie Kwolek's life.
- I can identify uses for Kevlar.
- I can group and rank materials based on their hardness and weight.

Whole Class

Best Material for the Job

Look at the materials listed. On your boards, write words to describe their properties.



Why don't we use rubber bricks to make buildings?

Think about their properties and the things these materials are commonly used for.

Hard Materials

What materials could be described as hard? What jobs do we usually use them for?



Think about these materials and their uses, why are they good?

Is there any downside to any of these?

These materials we usually use for building large structures or machines. The biggest downside is that they are often very heavy (dense).

Stephanie Kwolek

Stephanie Kwolek was tasked with the job of finding a light material that was also very hard and strong.

Born in 1923 in Pennsylvania, USA, Kwolek's father was interested in science and passed this interest on to his daughter, who left university aged 23 with a degree in chemistry.



Stephanie Kwolek

Stephanie created a very hard plastic - in fact, it was 5 times stronger than steel of the same weight! It was also much, much lighter.

As well as in cars, Stephanie soon found that her invention was being used for another very special job. Because this material was exceptionally strong and lightweight, it could be used in bulletproof vests.

The invention was 'Kevlar'. It is still used today in the bulletproof clothing worn by police and armed forces, so it has saved an enormous number of lives. In addition, Kevlar has been included in the manufacture of protective gloves, diving equipment, boots, helmets and fireproof clothing.

> "I don't think there's anything like saving someone's life to bring you satisfaction and happiness."

Materials Investigation



You are going to be given a selection of materials to test their hardness and weight and record these on the **Stephanie Kwolek Investigation Activity Sheet**.

Use a nail or pin to scratch the surface of your material and record how easy it is to make a mark on the surface, or even tear through it.

Then using scales, or just by comparison, list your materials from heaviest to lightest.

When you have finished your investigation, answer the questions on the bottom of the sheet.





How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Q

A

Where and when was Stephanie Kwolek born?



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Where and when was Stephanie Kwolek born?

Pennsylvania, USA, 1923

A



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Who inspired Stephanie to study sciences when she was young?





How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Who inspired Stephanie to study sciences when she was young?



Her dad (although he passed away when she was just 10).



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Q

For what product was Stephanie originally trying to create a lighter, strong material?





How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

For what product was Stephanie originally trying to create a lighter, strong material?







How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Why was Stephanie trying to make car tyres lighter?



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How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

A

Why was Stephanie trying to make car tyres lighter?

To reduce the amount of fuel used by vehicles with heavy tyres.



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?



What did Stephanie end up inventing? Can you remember its name?





How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

A

What did Stephanie end up inventing? Can you remember its name?

A light, strong plastic called Kevlar.



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?



How strong is Kevlar, compared to steel?





How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

A



How strong is Kevlar, compared to steel?



Five times stronger than steel of the same weight.



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

Q)

How many uses of Kevlar can you remember?



How much do you remember about Stephanie and her invention?

How many uses of Kevlar can you remember?

bulletproof vests	diving equipment
protective gloves	bike tyres
helmets	car tyres
boots	fireproof clothes

Can you explain why a very strong, light material would be useful for each of these items and who might use them?

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