

# History

Romans

History | LKS2 | Romans | Boudicca's Rebellion | Lesson 3

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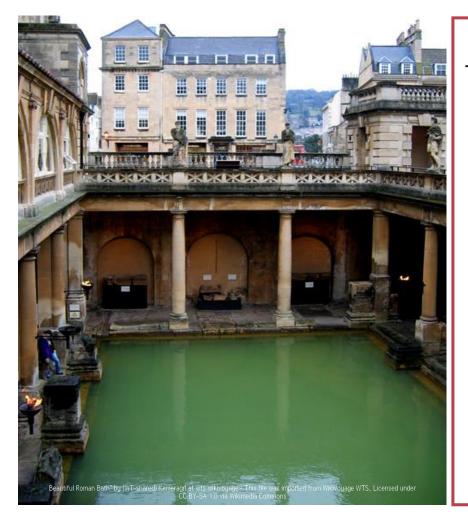
2086

# Aim

• I can explain what Roman baths were and know about the different amenities they contained.

# Success Criteria

- I can draw and write about the different features of a Roman bathhouse.
- I can tell you what a Roman bathhouse is and who used them.



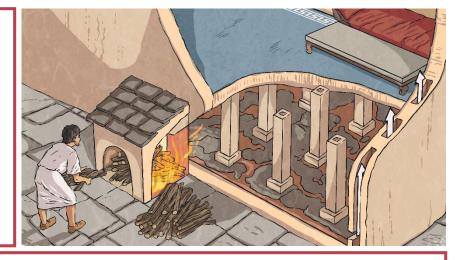
The Romans loved to keep clean and bathing was a sociable experience that the Roman people enjoyed sharing together.

The Romans also built their baths in the countries they conquered and re-established under Roman rule. There are many fine examples of Roman bathhouses in Britain.

This picture shows the Roman baths at Bath, Somerset.

The Romans are well known for their innovative engineering and design skills and building a bathhouse really showcased their talents!

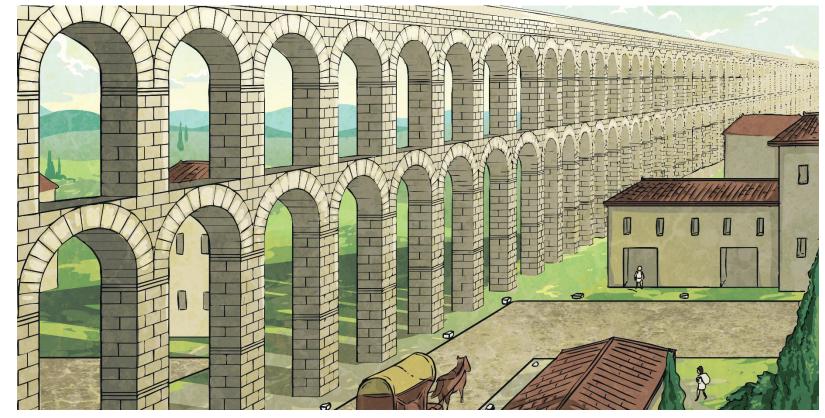
Water was heated by furnaces (fires) which were maintained by slaves and the hypocaust system used hot air under the floor to distribute the heat to where it was needed.





The baths were often elaborately decorated with statues and fine mosaics. There were mirrors on the walls, beautiful glass ceilings and smooth marble-lined pools.

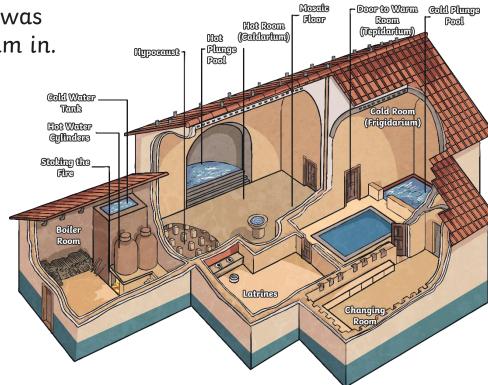
If water was not available from natural springs at the site, it had to be brought in using an aqueduct system which the Romans developed to transfer water from one place to another.



A Roman bath was not just a bath! Roman baths were based on three main bathing experiences. First, the bathers would relax in a warm room called the tepidarium. After that, they would enter the caldarium, which was a hot room designed to make them sweat out dirt.

The final frigidarium bath was cold and big enough to swim in.

In the caldarium, a tool called the strigil was used to scrape dirt off the skin.



#### More to Do!

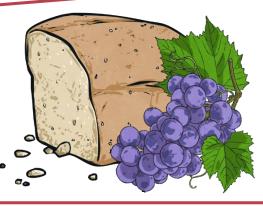
Many Roman baths offered other services too, making a visit to the bathhouse a total spa experience!

There was a gymnasium where people could exercise and get fit.



Masseurs were employed to give massages and help soothe aching muscles. They would also rub oil into the skin.

Vendors sold food and drink at many stalls.



#### More to Do!

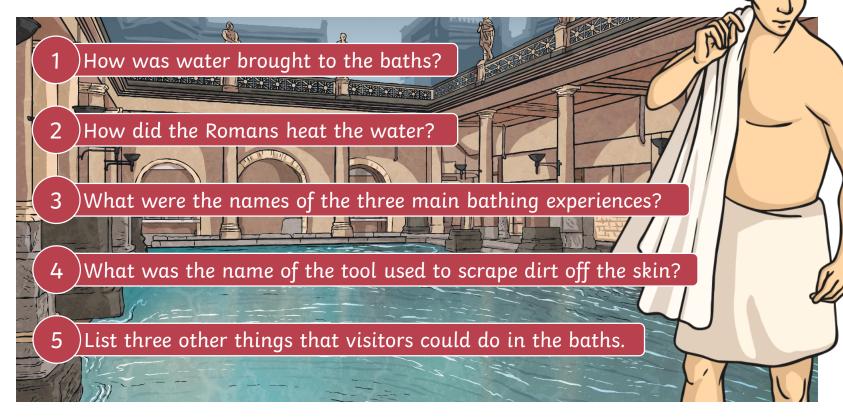
- Some baths had separate plunge pools, steam rooms and saunas.
- Entertainment was often provided for people relaxing before and after bathing.
- Some of the bigger baths had more than one of each type of room.

There were changing rooms where people could get dressed and undressed. Bathers might bring their slaves to guard their clothes and carry their towels or they could pay an attendant a fee to look after their property instead.

#### In the Baths

# What can you remember about Roman baths from the information you have read?

Work with a partner, compare notes and answer these questions:

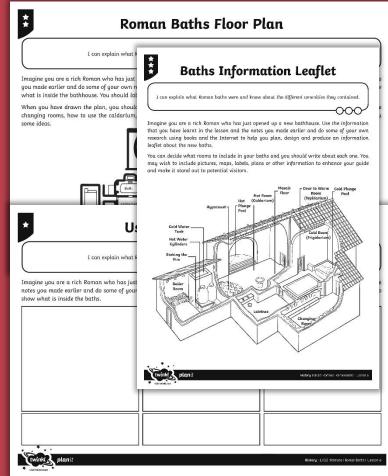




#### Roman Bathhouse Guide

Use the information that you have learnt in the lesson and do some of your own research using books and the Internet to help you plan, design and produce a Roman Bathhouse Guide. Your teacher may ask you to write an information leaflet, create a poster or produce a floor plan.

Your guide should tell potential visitors about all the different features of the baths. You could use pictures, plans and maps to enhance your guide too.



# **Presenting the Guide**

Take turns to present your Roman Bathhouse Guide to the class and explain the features that you have chosen to include.



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