Pupil Premium Strategy Statement – Gayton Junior School

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Gayton Junior School
Number of pupils in school	360
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	28%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021/2022 to 2024/2025
Date this statement was published	December 2021
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2022
Statement authorised by	Paul Hassall, Chair of Governors
Pupil premium lead	Jane Hill, Headteacher
Governor	Paul Hassall, link governor for disadvantaged pupils

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£111,635
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£12,035
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£123,670

Part A: Pupil Premium Strategy Plan

Statement of intent

At Gayton Junior School, we provide an engaging and creative curriculum that allows all of our pupils to develop the skills, vocabulary and knowledge required to succeed and to give them a secure foundation for their future years in education. We strive to support our disadvantaged children, where necessary, to achieve as well as their peers and to build their confidence in utilising skills for learning (which have been particularly affected during the pandemic). Additionally, through our Passport of Experiences, we also aim to ensure children have access to enrichment opportunities alongside their peers.

Our targeted and strategic use of pupil premium funding aims to ensure that there is no significant gap between the achievement and opportunities of pupils eligible for Pupil Premium and other pupils in the school, including those who are already high attainers.

To achieve this, we place high quality teaching at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils currently require the most support: currently particularly reading and mathematics and providing pastoral care. Over time, this approach has enabled our disadvantaged pupils to achieve better than all children nationally (on average) when looking at comparing of Key Stage 2 assessments.

This strategy remains integral to wider school plans for education recovery and will be responsive to arising challenges and developing needs, particularly for our more vulnerable disadvantaged pupils, as an when they arise throughout the 2021-22 academic year.

As a school, staff carefully consider the challenges faced by our disadvantaged pupils and our approach is responsive to both common challenges and individual needs. Views of pupils are also considered when planning and reviewing our approaches to meeting these challenges. The progress of disadvantaged pupils, including those with special educational needs (SEN), are monitored closely throughout the year by the SLT and middle leaders to ensure that interventions and strategies are having the desired impact.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Lost learning/poor progress in learning for some children due to COVID pandemic
	Our assessments and observations indicate that the education and wellbeing of many of our disadvantaged pupils have been impacted by partial school closures to a greater extent than for other pupils. These findings are supported by national studies.
	This has resulted in some significant knowledge gaps leading to disadvantaged pupils falling further behind age-related expectations, particularly in core-curriculum areas.
2	Poor acquisition of phonic knowledge
	Assessments, observations, and discussions with staff and pupils suggest disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with retaining and recalling phonic knowledge than their peers during the junior phase. This negatively impacts their development as readers as they progress through Key Stage 2.
3	Wellbeing of pupils
	Our assessments (including wellbeing surveys), observations and discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional issues for many pupils, notably due to school closures and a lack of enrichment opportunities during these times away from school. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged pupils, including their attainment.
	Teacher referrals for support have markedly increased during the pandemic. 22 pupils (18 of whom are disadvantaged) currently require support with social and emotional needs.
4	Maintaining high levels of attendance
	Over previous years, attendance between disadvantaged pupils and their peers has not been significantly different; however, this appears to be changing during the pandemic. Whilst authorised absences are on a par, our attendance data for Autumn Term 2021 indicates that disadvantaged pupils have 10.8% more <i>unauthorised</i> absences than non-disadvantaged pupils.
5	Lack of aspirations, passive approach to learning
	Teaching staff have identified that some of our disadvantaged pupils have low aspirations, which has a significant impact on their attitudes to and engagement with learning.
6	Ability to support at home
	Through discussions with parents and pupils, many of our disadvantaged pupils are not always supported at home with homework or home learning tasks. This is for a range of reasons: parents are working from home, parents do not feel able to help due to language barriers, etc.
	Despite having access to school laptops during lockdowns, 40% of pupils who did not engage/engage well with home learning during the January-March 2021 lockdown were disadvantaged children. This had a significant impact on them when returning to school alongside their peers.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved phonic knowledge among disadvantaged pupils.	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved phonic knowledge and acquisition among disadvantaged pupils. This will be evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, listening to children read and ongoing formative assessment.
Improved reading attainment among disadvantaged pupils.	KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that more than 80% of disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard.
Improved writing attainment among disadvantaged pupils.	KS2 reading outcomes in 2024/25 show that more than 80% of disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard.
Improved maths attainment for disadvantaged pupils at the end of KS2.	KS2 maths outcomes in 2024/25 show that more than 80% of disadvantaged pupils met the expected standard.
To achieve and sustain improved wellbeing for all pupils in our school, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	Sustained high levels of wellbeing from 2024/25 demonstrated by: • qualitative data from pupil voice, pupil and parent surveys and teacher observations • a significant increase in participation in enrichment activities, particularly among disadvantaged pupils
To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	 Sustained high attendance from 2024/25 demonstrated by: the overall absence rate for all pupils being no more than 4%, and the unauthorised attendance gap between disadvantaged pupils and their non-disadvantaged peers being reduced by at least 5%.
To provide opportunities for parents to develop more confidence in supporting their child at home.	Observations, discussions and surveys with parents and teacher data shows that there has been an increase in parental confidence in offering support at home.
To increase aspirations and improve approaches and attitudes to learning.	Behaviour reward system data shows an increase in gold and silver awards over the three-year period for disadvantaged children.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £10,900

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase of standardised diagnostic assessments. Training for staff to ensure assessments are interpreted and administered correctly.	Standardised tests can provide reliable insights into the specific strengths and weaknesses of each pupil to help ensure they receive the correct additional support through interventions or teacher instruction. Education Endowment Foundation EEF Teaching Assistant Interventions	1, 2
Developing reading fluency across the school through CPD.	Reading fluency provides a bridge between word recognition and comprehension. Education Endowment Foundation EEF Reading Comprehension Strategies	1, 2
Staff CPD to revisit Talk4Learning strategies and activities.	Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills. Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment: Education Endowment Foundation EEF Oral Language Interventions	1, 3, 5
Improve the quality of social and emotional (SEL) learning. SEL approaches will be embedded into routine educational practices and supported by professional development and training for staff.	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): Education Endowment Foundation EEF Social and Emotional Learning	3

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £64,245

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Sustained additional Teaching Assistant support to enable all classes to have regular support during lessons and for interventions.	Teaching Assistants can provide targeted intervention with small groups of pupils. Education Endowment Foundation EEF Teaching Assistant Interventions Education Endowment Foundation EEF High Quality Teaching	1, 2
Use of recovery funding to provide support for targeted lower ability Year 6 pupils in reading, writing and maths in the Spring and early Summer Term.	Small group tuition by a qualified teacher gives a better ratio of teacher:pupil for those who are struggling to reach agerelated expectations. Education Endowment Foundation EEF Small Group Tuition	1, 2
Use of recovery funding to provide support for targeted middle ability Year 5 pupils in reading, writing and maths in the Autumn Term.	Teaching Assistants can provide targeted intervention with small groups of pupils. Education Endowment Foundation EEF Teaching Assistant Interventions	1
Additional phonics and reading comprehension sessions targeted at Year 3 pupils who require further phonics support. This will be delivered by our HLTA.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks: Education Endowment Foundation EEF Phonics	1, 2

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £57,800

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's Improving School Attendance advice.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	4
This will involve training and release time for staff to develop and implement new procedures and appointing attendance/support officers to improve attendance.	persistent absence.	
Learning Mentor/SENCO engagement with parents to support them in supporting their child at home, in collaboration with TLR team.	Increasing parental engagement is low cost and can have a high impact if parents feel more able and confident in supporting their children with learning at home. Education Endowment Foundation EEF Parental Engagement	6
Learning Mentor support in being ready to learn for targeted disadvantaged children through a mentoring approach.	Targeted work for low- achieving children with low aspirations and poor attitude to learning.	5
	Education Endowment Foundation EEF Social and Emotional Learning	
Subscription to Reading Eggs and Mathletics to support home learning and homework tasks.	To support children who do not have parental support with daily learning tasks at home.	1, 2, 6
	Education Endowment Foundation EEF Homework	
Contribution to Visits & Visitors budget to allow for disadvantaged children to have access to real-life experiences in and out of school.	We value our enrichment provision through our curriculum and aim to ensure it remains accessible to all pupils.	5
	Education Endowment Foundation EEF Life-Skills and Enrichment	

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Purchase of Pupil Premium packs, to include a Kindle, home learning resources, uniform and contributions to school trips.	We have been providing this pack for a number of years in an aim to allow our disadvantaged children to feel more on a par with their peers and also to have access to online learning that they may not have had previously. Discussions with pupils show that these also improve selfesteem.	5
	Children's Commissioner Children Without Internet Access During Lockdown	
Release time for staff to monitor progress of disadvantaged children and to support staff where necessary in the delivery of a high-quality curriculum.	Great teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment. We use funding to continue to ensure that every teacher is supported in delivering high-quality teaching, which is essential to achieving the best outcomes for all pupils, particularly the most disadvantaged.	1, 2
	Education Endowment Foundation EEF High Quality Teaching	

Total budgeted cost: £132,945 (£9,275 from main school budget)

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

Due to the disruptions of the year, it is not possible to formally assess the impact of all of our pupil premium activity during 2020-21. However, internal assessment has shown a gap emerge between disadvantaged pupils and their peers academically and, in some cases, socially. Our assessment of the reasons for these outcomes points primarily to Covid-19 impact, which disrupted all subject areas to varying degrees. As evidenced in schools across the country, school closure was most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils, and they were not able to benefit from our pupil premium funded improvements to teaching and targeted interventions to the degree we had intended. Much of this plan is focused on strategies for the closing of these gaps.

During the 2021 lockdown, the leadership team identified children who we felt were at greatest risk to falling further off track academically (as well as socially and emotionally) during the school closures, many of whom were disadvantaged pupils. These children were invited to continue to attend school as part of the Key Worker and vulnerable provision. Around 45% of the Pupil Premium cohort did attend on a regular basis during national school closures. This enabled them to continue to access high quality teaching in school and also to maintain positive attitudes and emotional health. Disadvantaged pupils who were not able to access online learning, or were not engaging well, were offered DfE or school-purchased laptops to work on. Our Learning Mentor ran targeted support sessions for children who would have received these in school over this period in addition to making well-being calls to families.

On return to school, we used Pupil Premium funding to provide wellbeing support for all pupils in addition to targeted interventions where required. We are building on that approach with the activities detailed in this plan. Teacher feedback welcomed the full-time Teaching Assistant in each room, as this helped to settle the children back into their school routines (in September 2020 *and* January 2021), provided support when needed for children in the classroom, supported the teacher with diagnostic return-to-school assessments and were able to provide focused intervention groups following a settling-in period.

Externally provided programmes

Programme	Provider

Further information (optional)

Additional activity

Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activity that is not being funded by pupil premium or recovery premium. That will include:

- embedding more effective practice around feedback. <u>EEF evidence</u> demonstrates this has significant benefits for pupils, particularly disadvantaged pupils.
- utilising a <u>DfE grant to train a senior mental health lead</u>. The training we have selected will focus on the training needs identified through the online tool: to develop our understanding of our pupils' needs, give pupils a voice in how we address wellbeing, and support more effective collaboration with parents.
- offering a wide range of high-quality extracurricular activities to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance, and aspiration. Activities will focus on building life skills such as confidence, resilience, and socialising. Disadvantaged pupils will be encouraged and supported to participate.

Planning, implementation, and evaluation

In planning our new pupil premium strategy, we evaluated why activity undertaken in previous years had not had the degree of impact that we had expected. We also commissioned a pupil premium review to get an external perspective.

We triangulated evidence from multiple sources of data including assessments, engagement in class book scrutiny, conversations with parents, students and teachers in order to identify the challenges faced by disadvantaged pupils. We also used the EEF's families of schools database to view the performance of disadvantaged pupils in schools similar to ours and contacted schools with high-performing disadvantaged pupils to learn from their approach.

We looked at a number of reports, studies and research papers about effective use of pupil premium, the impact of disadvantage on education outcomes and how to address challenges to learning presented by socio-economic disadvantage. We also looked at studies about the impact of the pandemic on disadvantaged pupils.

We used the <u>EEF's implementation guidance</u> to help us develop our strategy, particularly the 'explore' phase to help us diagnose specific pupil needs and work out which activities and approaches are likely to work in our school. We will continue to use it through the implementation of activities.

We have put a robust evaluation framework in place for the duration of our three-year approach and will adjust our plan over time to secure better outcomes for pupils.